healing: An o Respondent: Year of Birth: Age: ** Connection to Date of Intervi Interviewer: F Recording Ag Information & Photographic Length of Interviewer	Deborah Craig 1976 o project: Respondent view: The 20 th of July 2022 Rachel Kelly reement: Yes & Consent: Yes	TRAUMA CHALLENGES HEALING HEVITIVE CHYTTEMCE2	history
Time (from: mins/secs)	Description		Transcribed Extract (from- to: mins/secs)
0.35	Interviewer asks the respondent where she wa	is born and brought up.	mins/secs)
1.04	The respondent states that she was born in Gla five she was in Springburn/Balornock. Ever sind Auchinairn and Bishopbriggs. Interviewer asks the respondent if she has any memories. Respondent talks about how you begin to reco things that you thought were true about what life could be like was nothing more than what o	ce then she has lived in distinct childhood gnise through life that the your potential is and what other people have told you	
	when you're young. She pieced this together b journey to get to that point. "So for example my parents split up. Well, sepa divorcedI think I was sixteen. Which to be ho day and age doesn't It's not really seemingly wasn't what the issue was. It was what I lived w And I hadn't realised till I think there was a cou Recognising that I was an extreme people plea life that was a hugely trauma based response. I another trauma based response. I lived with a fear for myself, fear for my Mum and then fear really came down to my Dad to be perfectly ho struggle to look back and recall times that were things are laced with a lot of negative experien And that was probably my whole life at that po of people might think-oh, that was only a smal the formative part. It's the part that creates th unless you start to work on yourself in adultho through childhood by other adults then it's diff understand where you maybe are going wrong actually know that. You're going down a whole make sense. For me that living on my last nerve that I didn't know until much later in my life. I I bit my nails right up till they had fallen off the	arated and then onest in the face of it in this a big deal. That really with up until that point. uple of key points for me. ser. I then learned in adult A perfectionist Again, lot of fear all the time. So, r for my sisters. And that onest. And I really would e positive. Because most oces, negative outcomes. oint. And it's only onA lot I part of your life but it's e person you become. And od or you're bolstered ficult, I think, for you to g in life and you don't e path that doesn't even e all the time is something knew I experienced itLike	2.36-6.52

quick for my whole life. And then my parents separated and I grew my nails and I've got really strong nails. Long all the time. So, again its like some of the sort of signalsThat was my way of soothing my anxiety. And for me my parents separating was the best thing that could ever of happened. But then I had to then deal with what it was then like to not have another parent. Cause that next phase was the abandonment that you deal with. And the not good enough. And what if I was only a boy would he he have wanted me more if it was that. And all this type of stuff. So, definitely a lot of fear based living when I was younger. And then the abandonment after that. But I think one of the other big things for meWhat happened in amongst that and this is no detriment to my mum because she just was a rock, you know, for me in other areas of my life. But I do feel because I was fifteen going on sixteen or sixteenish thereabouts; I basically became an adult really, really early in my life. And took on a lot of responsibility that when I look at other young peopleI think even when I look back at my nieces right now and I think-wow, you're so free and easy. And I think to myself-I don't remember it being like that for me. I feel like I was always feeling responsible for something. And I think that's one of theIt's probably one of the biggest things that I look back on and I think it's probably why I got to my late twenties. Not my late twenties my sort of earlyish twenties and I started to kind of go off the rails a wee bit."	
off the rails a wee bit." "And I think you just need to look at the ACE material. Stuff about ACEs, you know, and Adverse Child Experiences and, you know, children that grow up with conflict in the household. I had that it was all the time. Arguments, fighting, feeling on your last nerve, you know, trying to keep yourself safe, your mum safe. And those types of experiences amongst everything else that I've just told youPut all that together and you're basically the product of that person that is going to have some form of substance abuse or other addictive behaviours orAnd it was really strange because my whole life I was nothing like that up to that point. And I didn't understand myself. I didn't understand why one day I just though -Oh, I'm just going to do something totally rebellious and out there. And then it was just a steady progression from thee with getting embroiled withI wouldn't say the wrong people because some of it was good in my life and I had a lot of fun. I'm not writing everything off to being negative because it just wasn't. But in my early twenties it was probably more fun. Recreational Clubbing and I had a boyfriend and I had a good circle of friends. But I always felt like I didn't fit in. Something I couldn't put my finger on. It was almost like-I think I should be doing something else with my life. And yet I don't really know how to get out of where I am but I just know something doesn't feel right. So, out of, in my life I've not settled with a guy. I'm forty six now I've had a couple of long- term boyfriends, casual dating and I've just never found the right person. And throughout this whole journey I would say when I hit my late twenties was my biggest low point. I really lost it at that point. I was just doing a lot of toxic behaviours. There was about two years of my life that I just don't even know who I was. I look back and I don't recognise that person. And actually for a long, long time. And I meanI think I talk about my healing journe	6.53-10.46

13.10	didn't know how to get myself out. I felt like I just wanted somebody to pull me out of this life. Because all the while I kept thinking-I don't belong here. How did I get here? How can everybody around me be having fun and I'm beating myself up so badly. Self-loathing, hatred, horrible to myselfAnd I couldn'tNobody could understand it either. You could honestly interview any of my friends at the time and they would be like - 'Oh yeah, she was always crying, hating on herself' And they were the life and soul of every party and I wasn't. And I think what I learned was I wasn't living authentically for a long, long time. And that's because I'd fallen into a hole I didn't know how to get out of. And it was only through doing the work on myself slowly but surely" "And this is why I do what I do because I wish I had a me ten years before I got me. Because had I got somebody that could be the person that I am for a lot of my clients. I would have saved myself a long, long time of probably self-loathing, shame, guilt; everything that goes in amongstYou know, toxic behaviours, toxic relationships, low self - worth. You know, allowing myself to be bread crumbed by guys that I wasn'tThey weren't even worthy of me and yet I felt unworthy of them. And it really shocks me as I sit and say that today because you're sitting across from me and probably thinking-how's that even possible for that girl? But if you knew me six, seven, eight years ago you would see a very different version of me. Especially ten plus years ago. It was a difficult, difficult timeand I recognise that-Oh, that's right. Nobody comes into save you. You have to put yourYou have to grab yourself by the shirt collar. Pull yourself out it. And that's the journey of where I went on that time. But, but I used to get angry sometimes. And I suppose sometimes I do because I thinkI feel a bit like I got robbed of ten years. Ten years of my life , you know, at sixes and sevens with myself. Not knowing who I was. Because the part of me tha	10.47-13.09
13.14	Interviewer asks the respondent about bullying at work.	
13.15	Respondent says that bullying seems like quite a harsh term and goes on to describe her efforts to progress in and then to leave the corporate world behind forever. She always wanted to make a difference and had a lot of love in her heart that needed expressed in the right way.	
22.42	Interviewer asks the respondent why she decided to study what she did at university. "So my degree was psychology with counselling. And I have always been fascinated with people. I just The human psycheI have a naturalIt's like a natural instinct for me to hear what people don't say and to work people out and to be supportive. I've always been a natural counsellor, I suppose, or therapist. I just wasn't doing it as a job. I was always a coach because I was in management. And sometimes the management above me would crack up with me because I would always be supporting my team to move upwards, onwards and fly. Because everybody deserves the chance to live a beautiful life and that's my motto. And if you're not	22.49-26.34

	happy where you are and I can see your potential. I'll help you find a way to help you get to the next stage. So, for me, learning about the brain, learning about why we do things the way we do. Learning about habits and the neuroplasticity in the brainthere was certain aspects that I loved. And I chose psychology with counselling because I wanted an element of both just to taste what it was like. And what I think was really interesting was when I first started my foundational moduleyou know it's like done in modules with social sciencesand I honestly don't know how many people I said this to but I remember when I started it it was like I had been sleeping my whole life. So when people talk about you don't need uni; no you don't. But if you're not looking at these types of things like what goes on in the worldHow do you know? Like how do you get that education unless people are putting it in front of you. And I think I was living in my own little bubble and that was fine but I was clearly not happy. So when I went into do the degreeand it was distance learning but I did go once a month to the uni. And even just reading about third world countries and kids at five making clothes for ten pence an hour and all that just my eyes just were wide opened. And it was like-have I actually been sleeping for all these years really not knowing what was going on in the world. And it opened my eyes to probably more things from politics to social problems, world problems. And it was the biggest release that I ever had because this feeling of I need an outlet for all this pent up emotion and love that I've got. I could start to see how this was going to take me on that journey. And that's kind of That's why I went into itThe thing about having the psyche. I wanted to learn more therapeutically. I actually didn't know what I was going to do with my degree. When I started I didn't know I was going to leave and have a business. I just wanted to prove to myself since other people in my life time didn't beli	
26.35	was capable of a first. " Respondent talks some more about the advantages of getting her degree for her well-being and her vocation.	
29.50	Interviewer asks the respondent if she thinks that there are any mental health issues that are specific to women.	
29.51	Respondent replies that women come forward more often. She goes on to talk about issues that women have with child rearing and the issues that not having children can bring including from a personal perspective of not having had children yet.	
47.40	Interviewer asks the respondent her opinion on how society now views mental illness	
	"I think it's got a lot better. Significantly better. I do believe there's a lot of stigma still attached to it. And I think there's a lot of good stuff. I'm going to give you a wee example right. So, for example, I have a friend who works in my old organisation; corporate world. And she loves everything that I do. And when I got into this environment doing what I do I helped her with a few things. And she made some massive changes in her life and it's just unrecognisable. And she always follows everything I do. And she's like-'Oh god, you know, everythingI'm just so impressed. I love all your wee techniques. I do all the things you tell me. So the organisation had said- this is going to be like a mental health time. And I think organisations do do things . But here's what I believe. Sometimes I wonderI can't say for a certainty because that's inappropriate. Some	47.41-50.08

will be better than others. But I wonder where some is lip service and I don't know how effective it is. But the reason I want to share this little story is because my friend knew me. She told me about this and she said- 'I'm going to offer them meditation and something else. Because she knows me. So she was like-'it was in my head to offer it.' They all jumped on the meditation. I went-'I'll help you. I have a really good one.' I said- 'It's the mountain meditation. I learned it when I was doing Jon Kabat- Zin's Mindfulness Based Stress Reduction.' And I was like-'I was really in depth. Don't do it with music. Here's all the scripting.' And she came back to me saying they were absolutely blown away. They felt so good, so relaxed, so calm. And I think if things like that are done. Like proper ways to helpAnd experiential not just show and tell with the teaching. Like them actually going through an experience. I think it can be really effective. I just don't know if it's all like that unfortunately. "	
"I think our waiting lists are ridiculously long for people that need help. With our privatewith our National Health service. And I think it's such a shame for all involved cause it's not the NHS's fault because of pressures. But I do think people are disadvantaged because of that and they have to wait a long time. I know from my experience you know for kids that are struggling. And we should really get to them at that ageI know cause I was one of them. And if I maybe knew that I needed help when I was younger I might not of spent all of that time falling off the wagon and all the rest of it. But for example support services for children like CAMHS (Children and Adults Mental Health Service) and thingsI know that you have to be practically suicidal before they'II do anything. Now, to me if you're at that point you're in crisis and then we're working with crisis intervention. Getting to them sooner, earlier, teaching them in schoolSo my nieces now are young. They're only five and eight and one's stillShe's just coming out of nursery now. But it's her that calls my wee spare room the meditation room and she loves going up there because I've got a Reiki bed and they'II lie down. And I love it because I hear them talking to each other now and they'II say-'Just close your eyes and relax and I think, oh they're listening to me. Or they'II say-'Oh, Aunty Debbie this is what you do.' And they'II pinch their two fingers together and they'II close their eyes in the meditation pose. But I love that because they're learning things in school and then they're hearing it in their day to day life. So we talk to them about how they can help themselves if they're frustrated or they're angry or they want to talk about things. I think our society now is better than that. But I still think it's an education thing. Like do I think every family's like that? I don't and it makes me quite sad when I think about disadvantaged kids that maybe come from worlds or experiences where they're growing up in abusive families. Add	52.51-54.13
own lifetime I am very confident that my own generational breaks have occurred. Because when I look at my own genographI've written it out with my family. Parents Mum on one side dad on the other up the way and down the way. Laced with various addictive behaviours, abusessubstance abuses. Physical violence, mental violence, you know tortabuse., divorcesJust everything laced all the way through it. And	

 then you get to my mun's and then you get to me and my sisters. And I can see now that whilst there's still going to be stuff happening. The lessons we've learned and the changes we've made. What comes next? Well, I'm very confident we're going to break that old generational pattern that has fallen down. Because with my parents separating my mum broke that there. And then whilst there was still stuff that dripped through at least the next version down hopefully there'll be even less chance of that. And I think that's all we can do is not dwell on the past on what doesn't or didn't go right for us. But what can we do differently going forward. 54.16 Interviewer asks the respondent what her opinion is on the use of drugs in mental health. 54.20-58.10 medication of a las how her doll clens where they' re really benefited from even a low dosage of something if it's for anxiety or whatever. Because it's kind of likeone of my actual therapy friends called it this and I'mfit here were listens to this his is why I lasy, he told me this. But he gave this little metaphor and I low using it-Sometimes it can give clients like water wings. And for me it means that they're at least treading water. And because prior to that they might feel they're drowning. And it can just sometimes help keep them afloat till they start learning the tools, techniques, the strategies and experiencing that deeper therapeutic work. So that they're then armed with everything that they need. Some may then move of from we seesions of CL (Cognitive Behavioral Therapy) so we're going to unfortunatelyit does sometimes come down to cost. And that's where people them move to privatised therapy and it can be acstly experience. And neverybody has thatWhich is part of my bigger life goal. Why I work with hard sa significant benefits from the work to privatised therapy and it can be acstly experience. And hot everybody has thatWhich is part of my bigger life goal. Why I work with a sea dofform more yoor myself cause			
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probably need more of that because I don't think our own health services	54.16	in mental health. "I've got a mixed view on it because I do think there's a place for medication and I also have had clients where they've really benefited from even a low dosage of something if it's for anxiety or whatever. Because it's kind of likeone of my actual therapy friends called it this and I'mIf he ever listens to this this is why I'll say-he told me this. But he gave this little metaphor and I love using it-Sometimes it can give clients like water wings. And for me it means that they're at least treading water. And because prior to that they might feel they're drowning. And it can just sometimes help keep them afloat till they start learning the tools, techniques, the strategies and experiencing that deeper therapeutic work. So that they're then armed with everything that they need. Some may then move off medication and some may just stay on a light dosage for prolonged period of time. So, I've got a mixed feeling. I do believe that it's the first go to. From my experience it's the go to when someone presents with a mental health condition in a local surgery because of the long wait lists and the cost. I think I was reading an article once and it was like thirteen pence or something to prescribe anti-depressants or something. And it's like a significant amount of money more to provide six sessions or twelve sessions of CBT (Cognitive Behavioural Therapy) so we're going to unfortunatelyit does sometimes come down to cost. And that's where people then move to privatised therapy and it can be a costly experience. And not everybody has well. I've worked with a substance abuse charity. I've worked with an acquired brain injury charity. And I've done some work, obviously, with GRACE with lived experience. This is my newest project with my sister. Which I know has significant benefits from the model. And for me my big long-term goal from a finance perspective isn't really to have a lot of money you have the more awareness you can bring to things that mean something to	54.20-58.10

	can provide enough of those things anyway. So, having services like that	
	where people can go to them and access them for free is probably	
	better."	
58.11	Interviewer asks the respondent for her view on new drugs being tested	
50.11	for use in mental illness such as MDMA.	
	"Now that's an interesting one. I see that there's a Netflix thing on and it	58.24-
	was like injecting someone with basically acid (LSD). I never watched it	1.02.30
	because I saw the needle and I could pass out because I'm not good with	1.02.30
	needles. So, I've actually watched one where it was ecstasy based for	
	PTSD and I get where they're going with it. And from the reading up from	
	history we learned to figure out how to abuse it. It wasn't always meant	
	for the way that it is abused now. Like certain types of substances like	
	heroin and what not. We've just learned how to use it in the bad way and	
	I think that's the difficult part. And a lot of these substances are highly	
	addictive. I thinka lot of the opioid ones it changes the brain chemistry.	
	And I think that's the challenge when it completely changes the brain	
	chemistry it makes it more difficult toCause it's like aThat level of	
	addiction is slightly different to other types of addiction. I'm always	
	curious but I guess I always Just have reservations. And I guess that's	
	probably why I've always love hypnotherapy which is part of what I do.	
	Because you do get to let go. You do get to travel your own mind. And	
	you do get to to different realms. Which is away from a cognitive style	
	therapy where you're fully alert and it's only your cognitive mind, you	
	know, your conscious mind that's operating. So, I stay on the fence with	
	it ever so slightly because I'd be curious to see the efficacy of other things	
	in comparison. But I don't think we should rule anything out. Because I	
	do think we've learned to abuse things unfortunately. But I do think they	
	probably have a wider purpose that could be helpful for people that have	
	had specific types of mental healthPsychosis now and like PTSDBut I	
	must watch the LSD one and see what happens in the Netflix thing to see	
	what actually goes on with it. Because I do get curious. I like fall in to a	
	black hole sometimes reading up on stuff like the opioid, you know	
	Oxytocin, oh sorry that's the love drug, Oxycontin. That whole epidemic,	
	you know, and howAnd this is what I'm sayingthat's useful because	
	it's good for pain but if it's not managed properly you become addicted.	
	And then it doesn't matter what doctors do because you'll find it on the	
	street, So, it's just this perpetuating cycle. So, it's like anything. You just	
	have to be super careful and there's a lot of poverty and that can	
	alsothat leads into a lot of mental healthwhich then their looking for	
	escapism and that's where they stay in the cycle. Yeah, lots of things in	
	that area but I'm not quiteI'm not quite one hundred percent	
	convinced one way or the other. I think I would like toI'd probably need	
	to read into it. I'm a bit of a stats person. So, I'm probably curious about	
	what really does come out of it and is itCause I know there's a lot of	
	research done and it will say-well, this is the best thing ever. But actually	
	when you look at it, it's just as effective as something else that's maybe	
	less either addictive or toxic or whatever so"	
1.02.31	Interviewer asks the respondent how she would say that society deals	
	with people who have addictions.	
	"I think this is quite a sad one actually. Because if I was being honest I	1.02.40-
	would probably class myself as somebody that's had an addiction. It was	108.22
	more functioning in the sense that I still had a great job, still had cars, did	
	the holidays It wasn't a daily thing but it became more than an	
	occasional weekend recreational thing. It did consume too much of my	
	life and it had quite a negative impact on me. And I felt quite shameful. In	
		1

fact I remember going to an addictions place. It was actually out in Kirky (Kirkintilloch) somewhere. Can't remember where, how...I don't even know how I got in tow with it. I must of just found it. Because I was forever...This is the interesting thing. So many people will just dabble in life and then have fun and move on and it doesn't impact them. It was torturing me. So I was always eternally searching for a...a way to free myself from this torture that I was in. And I remember going to this place and before I was assigned this person that actually really amazing and helped me. I always remember the first person that I spoke to. And he said...so he took my details, blah, blah , blah and obviously I looked the way I looked and professional business...And he's like-'What's a girl like you doing getting yourself into a state like this?' And I just thought-And I'm here because I don't know how I got here. And just because on the outside I look the part what made me any less or more than somebody else that was going through an experience. Now granted that was quite a number of years ago but not that long ago for it to be deemed as, you know, twenty, thirty, forty years ago. I'm still only talking twenty years ago. And I think having worked for a period of time in the NHS I can just see how there's a lot of...lack of threading things together. Pushed from one place to another and you know-'Don't be drunk when you show up for the help.' but I can't get out the door without a drink and, you know, if it's alcohol. But then you can't have therapy if you're under the influence. Just lots of things. Or you go into a dry out environment or a detox and then all they can do is put you back to where you came from. And one of the biggest things for me was environmental. I had to change. I didn't change where I lived. But I changed all my circle and that's one of the hardest things I've ever done. Changing...breaking my cycle with different work environment, different people, different social circles. And that's how it all changed. A lot of the time we're putting people back into these environments. They just don't stand a chance. So, I think there's a lot of stigma with addiction. I think there's some addictions looked at differently to others. Heroin versus cocaine or alcohol. Cause that's likeoh, yeah cocaine just seems a bit more socially acceptable because everybody thinks of it as partying. Highly addictive. 'Oh, it's just ecstasy. It's just for clubs.' 'Oh it's just alcohol you can buy that in the shops so...' 'Heroin, Ooooh!' Crack cocaine, you know, crystal meth...Things when people hear them for them seem much more severe. And in fairness some of them are a lot more faster deteriorating because of what they do to your body. But all drugs will have an effect eventually. You stop looking after yourself. You don't care about how you look. You lose a lot of weight and all these different things that could happen. And I think I would say most people would have never really known about me. Because I would never have told anybody what was going on. Because I was ashamed of myself. So, societally, it's just not...It's just frowned upon. I think there's a lot more support places out there now. But I'm not sure the regular Joe Bloggs has become any more compassionate if I'm honest. Which makes me quite sad because it could be anybody; It could be your son, your daughter. It could be your partner, your husband, your wife, your mum, your dad. It could be anything. So, it's just a lot of judgement out there. And people don't realise that there's a high probability when they're sitting judging somebody...You probably don't know what your own kid's up to of a weekend. And I think that's the thing that's so frustrating about it. "

"it's such a funny topic for me as a lived experience person. Dealing with 108.23-

	what it felt like to not know where to turn. Didn't know who to ask. Feeling shameful. Not liking myself. And that's the interesting part. You're saying, you know-what do you think about society? God, as if you don't have enough loathing on yourself. To then know that society is loathing you at the same time. It's like a double dose and it just makes it so much harder to pull yourself out of it. Because when you're already in the hole you think-ach, well. I'm down here anyway. What'syou know it's too hard to pull myself out. Nobody understands or nobody wants to come out of the hole either. So, if I come out of here who am I coming out with? And I had to make some big decisions, big choices. And not everybody hasThey've all got the strength if they findto look for it. But it's not easy. And I don't think society does us any favours by beating us over the head with it either."	1.09.40
	Interviewer asks the respondent how the medical establishment views hypnotherapy.	1.09.42
	"It's (hypnotherapy) not something that you would get on the NHS. So, but then, CBT's (Cognitive Behavioural Therapy) forward focused, solution focused which is great. I like CBT. They can do it down to say six sessions. And they believe that that'll be the magic wand that fixes everything. It's cost effective out of all the therapies because person cantered can be long term. Other types of therapy can also be long term. Whereas when they brought CBT out it was more structured; to be given that bring you to the present and move forward. Give you some tools. And for me I don't think that always gives the answers to everything. Because a lot of the time we can have strategies and tools but we don't know why we fall off the wagon. If I knew why I fell off the wagon at the time that I did I would of saved myself a hell of a lot sooner than I did. But I was dealing with a lot of dark stuff that was being masked by my lifestyle. So you probably need to help people get to the root cause. And for me I like hypnotherapy for all of that. Because it can be solution focused, forward focusedIt can take you to the future where you want to go; See it, feel it hear it. And know that it is possible for change. And equally go back to a place where you once were in a safe space and heal yourself. Cause it's only you that can do that now. And I don't think it gets enough validation from aif we look at say the NHS. But, and it's an entity of its own. It's well established in its own world of therapy. So for me I use it as part of my model. So I do mentoring and coaching as well and I put it all together. Because we need more than therapy. Therapy will help you move through the trauma, the past, the healing. That's great. But who's moving us forward? Who's pointing us in the right direction? Who's saying-there's a door open for you right over there now that you're in a good place. Most therapies will just take you to the place where you feel good in the here and now. That's brilliant because all you've got is right now but you	1.09.53- 1.13.05
1.13.06	Interviewer asks the respondent if she had hypnotherapy herself.	

1.15.33	"Yeah I did (have hypnotherapy) during my challenging times where I was looking for another solution to help me break free from myself and from my trauma and from my addictive behaviours, life style choicesI did and it worked. It was short lived in the sense that I could go for several months at a time and then I would fall back in with some of the people. And because I hadn't addressed the reason why I was doing it in the first place. I hadn't really got to the root cause of it all and felt like I had some way of rationalising some things with myself. It was so easy to fall back into the pattern. And I don't know how I'll be going forward because I think once you've had certain things in your life for prolonged periods. Your neural pathwaysAlthough your brain's plastic your neural pathways are still wired to go in a certain direction. They're still wired with certain triggers. Now over the years what happens is the pathway gets more trodden so it gets wider. So if you've done something for a long time the same way that's a well-trodden path. And it will take another well-trodden path in the opposite direction to let that one get overgrown. So, it's always on your mind to choose carefully where, when with whobecause every day you just work with each day and you know these things are not part of my life anymore. But I'm not so cavalier that I wouldor so arrogant to think that they couldn't impact me again. Because a habit you've had for a yearyou'll rewire your neural pathways in six months or a year. Something that you've been used to for twentythere's your answer. It will take that length of time to do it. So, yeah that's hypno for you." Interviewer asks the respondent what she feels the importance of organisations such as GRACE is for people who have been through	1.13.09- 1.15.32
	trauma.	
	"Yeah, for me very important. And it's not just GRACE. I've actually been in connection with in the past. I've worked with a number of different	1.15.41- 1.16.59
	charities for different things. The fact that it comes as an opportunity for	1.10.59
	free is so important. Because, as I was saying earlier, not everybody can	
	afford to attend some of the services that people might offer. So when charities are funded that then helps them bring in people that are highly	
	skilled and experienced in their field and that can actually offer	
	something of genuine value. And my experience of working with GRACE	
	and building the model that we did for GRACE was incredibly rewarding.	
	And the response and the outcomes that we experienced with watching	
	what the people chaWe watched it in front of our eyes. The evidence	
	was right there about the weekly changes of what they were then	
	bringing into their lifestyle. So, personally I think they're incredibly	
	important. And every opportunity to get funding should be seized. Cause we need it for sure."	
1.17.03	Interviewer asks the respondent if there are any treatments for mental	
	health issues that can be unhelpful.	
	"I think, actually, the wrong style of therapeutic intervention, the wrong	1.17.10-
	talking therapy or the wrong If someone isn't skilled enough to identify	1.20.10
	that they don't offer what someone needs I think it could be quite	
	unhelpful. Not everybody wants to or has a childhood issue that maybe	
	has created their problems and some therapiesIt's just because I've had	
	people say to me, you know-'You're the only one that's really listened to	
	me. Because they kept taking me down this route of like-Oh, when you	
	were a child'And she's like-'Nothing happened then.' So, I think it just wasn't helpful. So, I think being really aware of your own skill set as a	
	therapist or a hypnotherapist or whatever you doThat you know that	
	you could offer the right support to someone. Because I think the wrong	
	you could once the name support to someone. Decause I think the wrong	

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	type of therapeutic intervention, the wrong talking therapies could potentiallyI don't want to say cause more damage but they could open a wound that someone may not be prepared for as a client. And as a therapist unprepared on how to help them heal that wound. So, I think that's where therapists being aware of their own skill set is really important. I sometimes have some clients that come to me and say. You know-I'm on this medication. I got that medication.' And I wonder are we just masking everything with one medication over another? And how effective is it when they're all blocked together like that? And I don't want to dismiss the importance of medication cause I do think it's definitely got a place. But I wonder if people were really given the chance to work through it without the medication. They may end up realising that they don't need it or as much. So. I don't know maybe too many different types and combinations of medication rather than actually getting to the root cause of the problem might be unhelpful. Because it can be just masking what's going on. Rather than actually letting them ever figure out what it is, heal it, overcome it so they can actually move past it cause then when they stop medication, you've not dealt with it. You've just maintained a wayYou've just been able to maintain calm, calmness or whatever it is orBut I'm not taking it away from medication because I know that sometimes there is a need for it."	
120.12	Interviewer asks the respondent if there are ever instances where a therapist will have a personality clash with someone and it just doesn't work.	
	The respondent says that she always offers a free consultation first. She's never had a personality clash as such. She has had challenging clients but she sees that as stretching her as a therapist. She goes on to describe reasons why the process might not work but says this has been very rare in her practice. She says that the therapeutic relationship is key to the process.	
122.16	Interviewer asks the respondent if she believes there's a cure for mental illness. "I don't really think that's the right word I would use. So, for example, I would never say I'll cure you from anxiety. We need anxiety in our body; it's how we keep ourselves safe. It's what the body is built to do. But we want to help you manage it. We want to help you build more confidence to take back your own personal power and replenish your own self-esteem and build that back up by helping you understand where your belief systems came from and how you can write a new story for yourself. So, I wouldn't use the word cure. I don't know that that's the right terminology that I would use. But certainly manage your fears; manage your anxiety to the point where you don't feel that it impedes your life experiences or your life choices. And you can create any life that you want. But yeah, because if I was to sit here and say that I was cured from anxietyI actually don't have anxiety but I have anxious moments. I experience periods where I know that I am anxious and my physiological things, you know, that are going on in the body are telling me that. So, I'll never be somebody that can be cured of anxiety. I'll justI know what to do to manage it so that I can move on and live my life to the fullest." Interviewer asks the respondent if there is anything important about the mental health system or her experience that she'd like to talk about that we haven't touched on.	1.22.20- 123.52
123.57	Respondent replies that she wanted to work for herself so she could develop her own therapeutic practice. She is regulated by her model.	
125.15	Interviewer asks the respondent if she has any photos or objects or songs	

	that remind her of her journey.	
125.30	Respondent replies that she's not overly an object person any more. She talks about the power of meditation for her at this point in her life. She goes on to describe the significance of Elton John's song 'I'm Still Standing' and the Elton John film for her in terms of her journey with mental health issues.	
128.22	The interviewer asks the respondent what lessons she has learned that she would like to pass on to anyone that has heard this interview.	
	"I would say. Get a good mentor/coach/anything. That can encourage you, motivate you, support you Be empathetic, sympathetic cause see without that you'll find that you might drift. And you may drift down the wrong path So, get yourself some good people. Choose your social circle wisely because you're the sum total of the five people you spend the most time with. Work on yourself constantly and from the inside out. Inner work, therapeutic work, self-developmentRead all the time. Learn all the time about yourself, about the world and about the things that you want to make a difference with. And I would also say, don't give your power away. Don't give your power to other people and expect them to treat it with kid gloves. Because most of the time they don't and you'll be forever people pleasing. You'll be trying to have perfectionist behaviours. All you're doing with that is giving your power to somebody else. So, don't do it. Stand in your own power, believe in yourself, your own choicesAnd work on yourself all the time so you can build your own inner strength and resilience."	1.28.28- 1.30.31
130.02	Interviewer thanks the respondent very much for her contribution to the project.	
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